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From Saturday September 16, to Tuesday September 19, 1775.

Extract of a Letter from the Honourable Lieutenant-General Gage to the Earl of Dartmouth, dated Boston, August 20, 1775.

MR. Washington, who commands the Rebel Army, has written to me on the Subject of the Treatment of the Rebel Prisoners in our Custody, a Copy of whose Letter I transmit your Lordship, together with a Copy of my Answer. Major Skene, made Prisoner at Philadelphia, is sent into Connecticut, where he is to be confined with some others; and I understand they make War like Savages, making Captives of Women and Children.

The Rebels are very numerous, and continue to throw up Works, in some Points nearer to the Town than before. Their advanced Parties have been drove back both at Boston and Charles Town, and their Posts destroyed. They landed a large Body a second Time at the Light-House, where they made Prisoners of a few Marines, posted there by the Admiral, and ten or twelve Carpenters, who were repairing the House.

A Fleet of Transports, who had been out in Search of live Stock, is just returned with about Eighteen Hundred Sheep, and above One Hundred Head of Oxen, which will be some Relief to the Troops in general, and of great Benefit to the Hospitals.

Copy of a Letter from George Washington, Esq; to his Excellency Lieutenant-General Gage.

SIR,

I Understand that the Officers engaged in the Cause of Liberty and their Country, who, by the Fortune of War, have fallen into your Hands, have been thrown indiscriminately into a common Gaol appropriated for Felons; that no Consideration has been had for those of the most respectable Rank, when languishing with Wounds and Sickness; that some have been even amputated in this unworthy Situation.

Let your Opinion, Sir, of the Principle which actuates them be what it may, they suppose they act from the noblest of all Principles, a Love of Freedom and their Country. But political Opinions, I conceive, are foreign to this Point; the Obligations arising from the Rights of Humanity and Claims of Rank are universally binding and extensive, except in Case of Retaliation. These, I should have hoped, would have dictated a more tender Treatment of those Individuals, whom Chance or War had put in your Power. Nor can I forbear suggesting its fatal Tendency to widen that unhappy Breach, which you, and those Ministers under whom you act, have repeatedly declared you wished to see for ever closed.

My Duty now makes it necessary to apprize you, that, for the Future, I shall regulate my Conduct towards those Gentlemen, who are or may be in our Possession, exactly by the Rule which you shall observe towards those of ours who may be in your Custody. If Severity and Hardship mark the Line of your Conduct, (painful as it may be to me) your Prisoners will feel its Effects; but if Kindness and Humanity are shewn to ours, I shall with Pleasure consider those in our Hands only as unfortunate, and they shall receive the Treatment to which the Unfortunate are ever intitled.

I beg to be favoured with an Answer as soon as possible, and am, &c.

Cambridge, August 11, 1775. (Signed) *George Washington.*

His Excellency General Gage.

Copy of a Letter from his Excellency Lieutenant-General Gage to George Washington, Esq;

SIR, *Boston, August 13, 1775.*

TO the Glory of civilized Nations, Humanity and War have been compatible, and Compassion to the Subdued is become almost a general System.

Britons, ever pre-eminent in Mercy, have outgone common Examples, and overlooked the Criminal in the Captive. Upon these Principles your Prisoners, whose Lives by the Law of the Land are destined to the Cord, have hitherto been treated with Care and Kindness, and more comfortably lodged than the King's Troops in the Hospitals; indiscriminately it is true, for I acknowledge no Rank that is not derived from the King.

My Intelligence from your Army would justify severe Recrimination. I understand there are of the King's faithful Subjects, taken some Time since by the Rebels, labouring, like Negro Slaves, to gain their daily Subsistence, or reduced to the wretched Alternative, to perish by Famine, or take Arms against their King and Country. Those who have made the Treatment of the Prisoners in my Hands, or of your other Friends in Boston, a Pretence for such Measures, found Barbarity upon Falsehood.

I would willingly hope, Sir, that the Sentiments of Liberality, which I have always believed you to possess, will be exerted to correct these Misdoings: Be temperate in political Disquisition: Give free Operation to Truth, and punish those who deceive and misrepresent, and not only the Effects, but the Causes of this unhappy Conflict will be removed.

Should those, under whose usurped Authority you act, controll such a Disposition, and dare to call Severity Retaliation, to God, who knows all Hearts, be the Appeal for the dreadful Consequences. I trust, that British Soldiers, asserting the Rights of the State, the Laws of the Land, the Being of the Constitution, will meet all Events with becoming Fortitude. They will court Victory with the Spirit their Cause inspires, and from the same Motive will find the Patience of Martyrs under Misfortune.

Till I read your Inſinuations in regard to Miniſters, I conceived that I had acted under the King, whoſe Wiſhes, it is true, as well as thoſe of His Miniſters, and of every honeſt Man, have been to ſee this unhappy Breach for ever cloſed; but, unfortunately for both Countries, thoſe who long ſince projected the preſent Criſis, and influence the Councils of America, have Views very diſtant from Accommodation.

I am, Sir, &c.

(Signed) *Thomas Gage.*

George Waſhington, Eſq;

Whitehall, September 19.

Advices have been received from North Carolina, that the Diſorders in that Province having continued to increaſe, Governor Martin had judged it neceſſary to abandon Fort Johnſon on Cape Fear River, where he had lately fixed his Reſidence; and to remove the Cannon and Stores under the Protection of His Majeſty's Sloop Cruizer, on Board of which he had retired; and that on the Night of the 18th of July, a conſiderable Number of Perſons had entered Fort Johnſon, and ſet Fire to the Buildings, which being of Wood were entirely conſumed.

Chamberry, September 8. Her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs of Piedmont arrived at this Place on Wedneſday laſt. The King and Queen of Sardinia, with their whole Family, went to meet her Royal Highneſs at Les Echelles, where they dined, and about Eight in the Evening made their Publick Entry into Chamberry. They were eſcorted by a conſiderable Number of Dragoons, Horſe Guards, and a Body of Light Dragoons conſiſting of moſt of the principal Inhabitants and Burgeſſes, who embodied themſelves upon this Occaſion. They were followed by a numerous Train of Coaches, the Maiſon du Roy, together with many of the Nobility and Gentry on Horſeback. On their Arrival they alighted at the Royal Chapel, where the Marriage Ceremony was performed, and an elegant Diſcourſe pronounced by the Archbiſhop. The Marriage was immediately notified to the People by a Diſcharge of the Cannon and Muſquetry of all the Troops aſſembled here. Upon leaving the Chapel their Sardinian Majeſties and their Royal Highneſſes retired for about Half an Hour into the Queen's Cloſet, after which they came into the Drawing-Room, where the Ladies were preſented to the Princeſs, and had the Honour of kiſſing her Royal Highneſs's Hand. The Court was in great Gala on this Occaſion, and the Town and Theatre were illuminated.

Yeſterday Morning the Foreign Miniſters in a Body had the Honour of being preſented to their Royal H.ghneſſes the Prince and Princeſs of Piedmont, and were moſt graciouſly received.

Monſieur and Madame de Provence are expected here this Day: During their Reſidence at Chamberry they will take the Title of Vendome.

Their Sardinian Majeſties, with the whole Royal Family, quit this Place on the 25th of this Month, and propoſe ſtaying a ſhort Time at Rivoli; after which they will make their publick Entry into Turin.

War-Office, September 19.

1ſt Regiment of Foot Guards, Colonel Francis Craig, of the Coldſtream, is appointed to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Philip Sherrard, preferred.

Ditto, Francis Richardſon, Gent. to be Adjutant, vice Charles Frederick; by Purchaſe.

Coldſtream Regiment of Foot Guards, Colonel Henry Liſter to be Firſt Major, vice Francis Craig.

Ditto, Colonel Thomas Clarke to be Second Major, vice Henry Liſter.

Ditto, Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Biſhopp to be Captain of a Company, vice Thomas Clarke.

Ditto, Captain Mathew Smith to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice Thomas Biſhopp.

Ditto, Enſign William Auguſtus Spencer Boſcawen to be Lieutenant, vice Mathew Smith.

Ditto, Wilmot Vaughan, Gent. to be Enſign, vice William Auguſtus Spencer Boſcawen.

5th Regiment of Foot, Enſign Benjamin Hill, of the 62d Regiment, to be Lieutenant, vice Francis Lord Rawdon, preferred; by Purchaſe.

6th Regiment of Foot, Charles Savage, Gent. to be Enſign, vice Fryer Hadfield; by Purchaſe.

10th Regiment of Foot, Enſign Henry De Berniere to be Lieutenant, vice Thomas Vernor, deceaſed.

Ditto, Henry Stirke, Gent. to be Enſign, vice Henry De Berniere.

12th Regiment of Foot, Enſign Richard Turberville Picton to be Lieutenant, vice John Bernhard Smith; by Purchaſe.

Ditto, —— Byron, Gent. to be Enſign, vice Richard Turberville Picton; by Purchaſe.

Ditto, George Lord Herbert to be Enſign, vice Stephen Harvey, preferred.

22d Regiment of Foot, Enſign Charles Dalrymple to be Lieutenant, vice William Scroggs; by Purchaſe.

Ditto, George Cleghorn, Gent. to be Enſign, vice Charles Dalrymple; by Purchaſe.

35th Regiment of Foot, Captain-Lieutenant Eraſmus John Phillips to be Captain, vice James Lyon, deceaſed.

Ditto, Lieutenant Colin Campbell to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice Eraſmus John Phillips.

Ditto, Enſign William Clark to be Lieutenant, vice Colin Campbell.

Ditto, Samuel Fitzgerald, Gent. to be Enſign, vice William Clark.

Ditto, Captain-Lieutenant Colin Campbell to be Captain, vice William Browne, deceaſed.

Ditto, Lieutenant Colin Campbell to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice Colin Campbell.

Ditto, Enſign Joſeph Banks to be Lieutenant, vice Colin Campbell.

Ditto, Peter Kemble, Gent. to be Enſign, vice Joſeph Banks.

38th Regiment of Foot, Lieutenant Robert Chriſtie to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice William Croker, deceaſed.

Ditto, Enſign Peter Purdon to be Lieutenant, vice Robert Chriſtie.

Ditto, Quarter-Maſter Andrew Mitchell to be Enſign, vice Peter Purdon.

Ditto, George Fowler, Gent. to be Quarter-Maſter, vice Andrew Mitchell.

43d Regiment of Foot, Captain Edward Cane to be Major, vice Roger Spendlove, deceaſed.

Ditto, Captain-Lieutenant Robert Mackenzie to be Captain, vice Edward Cane.

Ditto, Lieutenant Charles M'Lean to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice Robert Mackenzie.

Ditto, Enſign Thomas Wilkinſon to be Lieutenant, vice Charles M'Lean.

Ditto, John Montagu Clarke, Gent. to be Enſign, vice Thomas Wilkinſon.

47th Regiment of Foot, Lieutenant James Poe to be Adjutant, vice —— Turner, who reſigns.

Ditto, Irvine Whitty (Clerk) to be Chaplain, vice Edward Whitty, who retires.

52d Regiment of Foot, Enſign Charles Newton to be Lieutenant, vice —— Græme.

Ditto, Warren Liſle, Gent. to be Enſign, vice Charles Newton.

63d Regiment of Foot, Lieutenant Henry Lyſaght to be Captain, vice William Stopford; by Purchaſe.

Ditto, Enſign John Croker to be Lieutenant, vice Henry Lyſaght; by Purchaſe.

Ditto, Enſign John Money to be Adjutant, vice Henry Lyſaght; by Purchaſe.

Ditto, Lieutenant Francis Lord Rawdon, of the 5th Regiment of Foot, to be Captain, vice Thomas Follet; by Purchaſe.

69th Regiment of Foot, Major General Philip Sherrard to be Colonel, vice Charles Colvill, deceaſed.

Hoſpital at Boſton in North America, Michael Croker to be Apothecary.

Ditto, George Brown, Surgeon, to be Apothecary, vice Robert Roberts, preferred.

Hoſpitals in North America, Robert Roberts, Apothecary, to be Surgeon, vice John Charlton, who retires.

Lieutenant-Colonel Francis Smith, of the 10th, Foot, to be Aid de Camp to the King, vice Thomas Clarke, preferred.

Captain Anthony Haſlam, of the 5th, Foot, to be Major in the Army.

Cuſtom Houſe, London, September 15, 1775.

FOR SALE.

BY Order of the Honourable the Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Cuſtoms, on Wedneſday the 27th Day of September, 1775, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, will be put up to Sale in the Long Room at the Cuſtom-Houſe, London,

A Sloop called the Hunter, of the Burthen of 62 Tons;

A Cutter called the Swallow, of the Burthen of 68 Tons; with their Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture; both lately employed in the Service of the Revenue, and are very fit for any Trade where Diſpatch is required.

Alſo ſeveral Parcels of old Ships Timber, old Cables and Cordage, Lead and Iron, old Arms, Sails, Boats, and other Stores.

The Veſſels are laying in the Dock at the Tobacco Ground near the Wet Dock, Rotherhithe; the Stores are in Warehouſes at the ſame Place; and may be viewed on Saturday the 23d, Monday the 25th, and Tueſday the 26th Inſtant; and in the Morning of the Day of Sale.

Catalogues (with Inventories of the Veſſels) may be had at the Warehouſe-keeper's Office, Cuſtom-houſe, London, and at the Tobacco Ground aforeſaid.

Hull, Auguſt 14, 1775.

WHereas Peter Thornton, formerly of the Town of Kingſton upon Hull, Dryſalter and Druggiſt, who died about forty Years ago, is ſuppoſed to have died indebted to ſeveral Perſons in Trade, in London, to the Amount of 500l. but to whom by Name, or in what Sums, is not now known, and the Heir at Law of the ſaid Peter Thornton being deſirous that his Debts ſhould be fully paid and ſatisfied; Notice is hereby given to all ſuch Creditors of the ſaid Peter Thornton, that if they will ſend a particular Account of their reſpective Demands to Mr. Smith, Attorney, in Hull, within ſix Months from the Date hereof, the ſame will be forthwith afterwards diſcharged.

London, September 16, 1775.

I GIVE this Public Notice, that the Power which I have hitherto granted to Mr. Lewis Peter Hume, my late Clerk, of drawing, accepting, and endorſing Bills, &c. in my Name, (which Truſt he has honeſtly and faithfully diſcharged) is withdrawn, he having quitted my Service in Conſequence of my retiring from Buſineſs.

H. Minet.

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A La Requette du Fiſc, Nous, Juge et Aſſeſſeurs de la Juſtice Françoiſe de Berlin, citons peremptoirement, par les Preſentes, les Heritiers de M. Samuel de Saint-Sauveur, vivant Colonel au Corps des Cadets, décédé, en cette Ville, en l'An 1731, a comparoitre d'aujourdhui en trois Mois, ainſi le 10 Octobre a. c. à deux Heures de releveé, dans l'Hotel de nos Juſtices, aux fins de ſe legitimer pour recueillir les biens de la Succeſſion du dit défunt, à eux echûs par le decés de la Dame Judith Marianne Maillette, arrivé le 10 Octobre a. p. faute dequoi iceux biens ſeront adjugés au dit Fiſc, comme un bien Caduc. Donné le 18 Juillet, 1775.

At the Requeſt of the King's Treaſury, We, the Judge and Aſſiſtants of the French Juriſdiction of Berlin, do, by theſe Preſents, peremptorily ſummon the Heirs of Mr. Samuel de Saint Sauveur, when alive Colonel in the Company of Cadets in this City, deceaſed in the Year 1731, to appear from this Day in three Months, to wit, the 10th Day of October next, at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, in our Town Houſe, in order to legitimate themſelves as Heirs to the Effects of the ſaid Deceaſed, devolved to them by the Deceaſe of Lady Judith Marianne Mailette, which happened the 10th of October laſt, in Default whereof theſe Goods will be deemed the Property of the ſaid Treaſury, as Effects to which no Perſon laid any Claim. Given the 18th Day of July, 1775.

THE Creditors of John Calvert, late of Saint Martin's-le Grand, Linen-draper, deceaſed, who have already authenticated their reſpective Debts, or who ſhall, on or before the 26th Day of October next, bring in an Account thereof, with proper Affidavits of the ſame being juſtly due, may after that Day receive a Dividend of the Deceaſed's Eſtate, by applying to Mr. Wright, the Adminiſtrator, at N°. 5, in Milk-ſtreet.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt Samuel Rowlatt, of King's Lynn in the County of Norfolk, Baker, Dealer and Chapman, are deſired to meet the Aſſignee of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects, on Tueſday the 3d of October next, at Three in the Afternoon, at the Coffee-houſe in King's Lynn aforeſaid, in order to aſſent to or diſſent from the Aſſignee's commencing, proſecuting, or defending any Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity relating to the Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; or to his compounding, ſubmitting to Arbitration, or otherwiſe agreeing any Matter or Thing relating to the ſame; and on other ſpecial Affairs.

WHereas Patrick Nevil, a Native of the City of Waterford in the Kingdom of Ireland, embarked from thence ſome Time in the Year 1753, being then between 62 and 63 Years of Age; ſince which no ſatisfactory Account has been received of his being alive or dead, though publiſhed ſeveral Times in the London Gazette in the Year 1764; but, by the laſt Accounts his only ſurviving Siſter Mary Nevil Murphey, a Reſident in Waterford aforeſaid, received, it appears, that the ſaid Patrick Nevil died at Jamaica in the Year 1756, as certified by one Captain Andrew Harney, a Dublin Trader. He